

GOLIKANOV, I. S., MARKOV, V. P. (continued)

Describing the characteristics of the equipment in the serial  
recorder by means of the simple graphic description.  
Khizh. press. no. 2112-130. 3 Oct. (M. S. T. 1983)

LYAMOV, O., nazi.tekhn.nauk; NIKONOV, O., inzh.

Highly economical water heater. Goshchestv.pit. no.1:38-40 Ja '63.  
(Water heaters) (MIRA 16:4)  
(Gas, Natural)

### SCHECHTER, J. M., JR., J. M.

Krakow and Lwow, and the ship of the 1st  
Cable equipment industry, arranged. All no. 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14,  
15-25 May 1942.

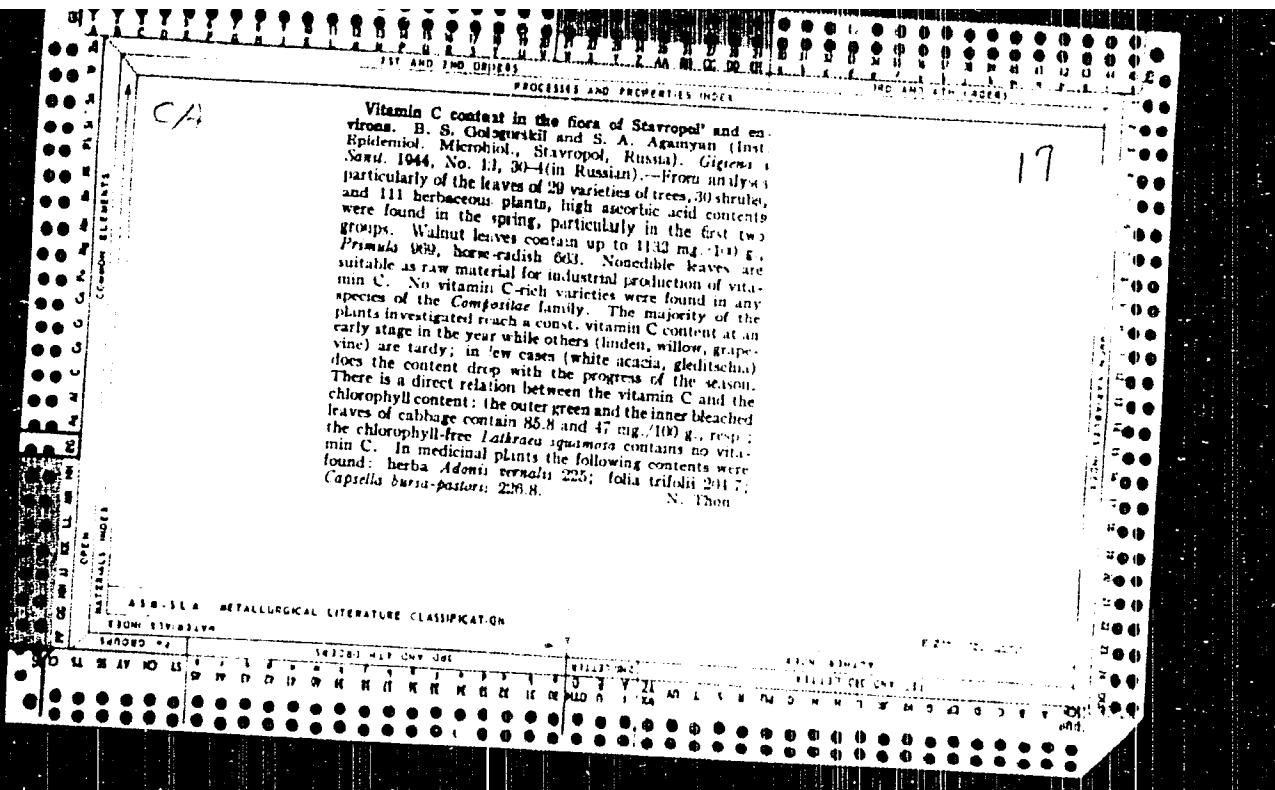
1. Centralny Gospodarki Konstrukcyjny Budynek Radca Zadania Gospodarcza, Krakow.

*Ca*

*E*

The nutritive value of dried milk. The hygienic properties of dried milk. B. S. Golgorodsk and M. P. Gurevich. *Voprosy Pitaniya* 6, No. 5, 57-64 (in English 1937).--Milk powder is very low in saprophytic microflora. When prepd. by spraying, the powder is 99.94-99.98 21% sol., while the film method of prepn. gives a product which is only 72.0% sol. If stored in the presence of moisture it becomes less soluble. S. A. K.

THE NUTRITIVE VALUE OF DRIED MILK  
B. S. Gologorskii and M. P. Podolomnikova  
Uspory. Pishiniyi 6, No. 5, 88-104 (in English 104  
(1937).—The assimilation of milk powder is slightly  
inferior to that of whole milk, differences of 1.7% for  
protein and 0.5% for fat being obtained. The milk  
sugar is assimilated to an equal extent in each case.  
The different methods of prepri. of the powder have little  
effect on capacity for assimilation. S. A. Kavali



12

Speeding up of ashing of food products in heavy metal determination. B. S. Gologorski. *Gigiena i Sanit.* 11, 26, 10, 43-44 (1970). "Aqua regia was found to be the quickest and most reliable method in wet ashing of flour, fish, and meat products." *Bioassay*

2.1

2.2

**Waste water of a cracking plant** B. S. Uolegi (yakard V. P. Yudina. *Tekhnika Sint* 12, No. 3, 9-12 (1947))  
Examination of waste water at Chernivsk cracking plant showed that it contains considerable amounts (0.5% C<sub>6</sub>) of petroleum as an insol. layer, up to 280 mg/l dissolved hydrocarbons, and up to 406 p.p.m. H<sub>2</sub>S. G. M. K

440 524 METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

Vitamin C in market milk. B. N. Goloporkin. *Gospromi. Ch. Sint.* 12, No. 8, 69-73 (1971). The average vitamin C level in market milk in Dnepropetrovsk is 14.9 mg/l. The summer milk contains 30% more vitamin C than the winter milk. Large variations exist among different cows, up to a factor of 100. Since the milk is kept at 0-4°C, no appreciable destruction of C takes place in 4 days; this makes possible vitaminization of the winter milk supply by vitamin C pills or tablets. Little difference in stability was observed between cow and pasteurized milk.

G. M. Kostylev

ASH-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

13001 517.83194

140000 94

140000 94 140000 94 140000 94

CA

11 D

The dynamics of ascorbic acid content in artificially ripened and over-ripened tomatoes. B. S. and N. K. ripened and over-ripened tomatoes. Although ascorbic acid content rapidly increases throughout the process of ripening due to sun, it is not responsible for the stable higher temp due to sun as it is not responsible for the effect. At 45°C, ripening does not occur. The ascorbic acid level in green tomato is 15.2 mg/100 g ripening in artificial conditions from the beginning of ripening at the time of full ripening to ripening until the end. Ripening without sun at 45°C leads to 4.4 mg/100 g, and, 16.5 mg/100 g at 45°C and 25°C. This indicates that the ripening of tomatoes is dependent for a maximum of ascorbic acid. In over-ripening, no relationship with the ascorbic acid level can be found. (M. K. and N. K.)

U.S.S.R. 1948  
Vitamin A and carotene in milk. B. S. Gulengorskii  
Proceedings 1947-48, No. 4, 216-1948. Details of vita-  
min A, D<sub>3</sub> and carotene activity made in 38 tests with milk  
samples obtained in the open market in February, March,  
May, and September-November. Further, 75 tests were  
made with the samples of dried milk obtained from 7  
factories. Fresh cow's milk contained, on the avg., 13.57  
and 234.8 µ per 100 ml. of carotene and D<sub>3</sub>, resp. Milk  
samples obtained in summer and autumn had 3-4 times  
more carotene and D<sub>3</sub> than had winter milk. No destruc-  
tion of carotene or D<sub>3</sub> resulted from boiling for 3 min.  
The avg. content of carotene and D<sub>3</sub> in dried milk was 0.133  
and 2.11 mg. per 100 g., resp. Storage for 12-16 months  
in air-tight containers did not reduce the D<sub>3</sub> content of  
dried milk. Reconstituted dried milk had a somewhat  
higher carotene and D<sub>3</sub> content than had fresh cow's milk.  
B. A.

Preservation of milk by high frequency current. B. I. Golovorkin and Yu. N. Tinkovskii. Gospromt. Sbornik 13, No. 9, 32-3 (1958).-Irradiation of milk by an 8400 high-frequency generator (the frequency range not stated) showed that 0.5 hr treatment with temp rise to 70-5° is more effective than 1-2 min exposure with temp. rise to 96-8°, in respect to disappearance of microflora. The loss of albumin is low (6.6%), but ascorbic acid is better preserved (5% loss); in the short treatment in the long treatment the loss is 14.8%. G. M. Kosolapoff

OPEN MATERIALS INDEX

ASH-ELA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

Vitamin C content in plants of Bashkir S.S.R. - near

Ufa. B. S. Ologorski, E. N. Klobukov, Arsova, et al.  
M. A. Goldstein (Inst. Epidemiol. Microbiol., Ufa).  
Ogrest. 1946. 1949, No. 3, 60-6. Data of vitamin C  
in native plants showed *Rumex crispus* with the highest  
levels. Root 2185 mg %, plant leaves 197 mg %. Other  
high-level plants are: *Juglans mandshurica* (1181),  
*Radish Red Canna* (625), *Aralia cordata* (584),  
and *Fraxinus excelsior* (710). Preliminary data on  
vitamin C levels in plants of varying degrees of acidity  
G. M. Korsakoff

GOLOGORSKIY, Samuil Davidovich; YELENSKIY, Mikhail Kharitonovich;  
MIZARENKO, N., red.; GONCHAR, A., red.; ZELENKOVA, Ye..  
tekhn.red.

[Handbook for making estimates for capital construction]  
Spravochnoe posobie po sostavleniiu smet na kapital'noe  
stroitel'stvo. Kiev, Gos.izd-vo lit-ry po stroit. i arkhit.  
USSR, 1960. 550 p. (MIRA 14:2)  
(Building--Estimates)

GOLOGORSKIY, V.A.

The problem of solitary liver cysts. Sov.med. 22 no.7:134-135  
(MIRA 11:10)  
J1 '58

1. Iz kafedry obshchey khirurgii (zav. - prof. G.P. Zaytsev)  
pediatricheskogo fakulteta II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta  
(LIVER, cysts  
solitary (Rus))

GOLOGORSKIY, V. A. Cand Med Sci -- (diss) "Data for the application of  
potentiated anesthesia in surgical clinic" Mos, 1959. 20 pp (Second Mos  
State Med Inst im M. I. Pirogov), 750 copies (KL, 48-59, 116)

GOLOGORSKIY, V.A. (Moskva, G-242, Sadovo-Kudrinskaya, d. 7, kv. 57)

Errors and hazards in modern anaesthesia. Nov. khir. arkh. no.2:  
48-59 Mr-Ap '59. (MIRA 12:7)

1. Kafeira obshchey khirurgii (zav. - prof. G. P. Zaytsev)  
pediatricheskogo fakulteta 2-go Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.  
(ANESTHESIA--COMPLICATIONS AND SEQUELAE)

GOLOGORSKIY, V.A.

Results of potentiated anaesthesia in surgery. Khirurgia '35  
no.2:83-91 F '59. (MIRA 12:5)

1. Iz kafedry obshchey khirurgii (zav. - prof. G.P.Zaytsev)  
pediatricheskogo fakulteta II Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo  
meditsinskogo instituta im. N.I.Pirogova.  
(HIBERNATION, ARTIFICIAL,  
results (Rus))

GOLOGORSKIY, V.A.

Clinical aspects of potentiated anesthesia. Kaz.med.zhur. 40  
no.6:61-69 N-D '59. (MIRA 13:5)

1. Iz kafedry obshchey khirurgii (zav. - prof. G.P. Zaytsev)  
pediatricheskogo fakul'teta 2-go Moskovskogo meditsinskogo  
instituta im. N.I. Pirogova.  
(ANESTHESIA)

GOLOGORSKIY, V.A., kand.med.nauk; TSIRUL'NIK, S.I.

Surface endotracheal anesthesia in serious gynecological operations.  
Nauch. trudy Chetv.Mosk.gor.klin.bol'. no.1:174-182 '61.  
(MIRA 16:2)

1. Iz kafedry obshchey khirurgii pediatricheskogo fakul'teta  
(zav. - prof. G.P. Zaytsev) i ginekologicheskoy kliniki (zav. -  
prof. V.N. Vlasov), kafedry akusherstva i ginekologii pedia-  
tricheskogo fakul'teta (zav. prof. A.A. Lebedev) 2-go Moskov-  
skogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni N.I. Pirogova  
na baze Moskovskoy gorodskoy klinicheskoy bol'nitsy №4 (glavnyy  
vrach G.F. Papko).

(INTRATRACHEAL ANESTHESIA) (GYNECOLOGY, OPERATIVE)

GOLOGORSKIY, V.A.; KAZANTSEV, F.N.

Problem of causes and treatment of hypotension during anesthesia  
and surgery. Khirurgiiia 37 no.4:52-62 '61. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Iz kafedry obshchey khirurgii (zav. - prof. G.P. Zaytsev)  
pediatriceskogo fakul'teta II Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo  
meditsinskogo instituta imeni N.I. Pirogova.  
(ANESTHESIA) (SURGERY, OPERATIVE) (HYPOTENSION)

ZAITSEV, G.P.; GLOGOVSKIY, V.A.; VENETI, G.N., red.; KIEV RADA.  
K.A., tekhn. red.

[Potentiated anesthesia in the surgical clinic] Potentsi-  
rovannyyi narkoz v khirurgicheskoi klinike. Tch. kva,  
Kiev, 1961. 248 p. (VIA 16:12)

\*

TSIRUL'NIK, S.I.; GOLOBORSKIY, V.A.

Analgesic anaesthesia with nitrous oxide in surgical gynaecology.  
Akush. i gin. no. 2:31-37'63. (KIRA 16:10)

1. Iz kafedry akushерства i ginekologii (zav. - prof. A.A. Lebedev) i kafedry obshchey khirurgii (zav. - prof. G.P. Zaytsev) pediatricheskogo fakul'teta II Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni S.I. Pirogova.  
(RE: ECOLOGY, OPERATIVE) (NITROUS OXYDE)  
(ANESTHESIA)

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ZUKETIN, V.I., assistant (1960), 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968  
GOLODOVSKIY, V.A., head, med. subj.

Anesthesia in surgery on the wall of the large intestine. Vestn.  
khir. 90 no. 5 1973-1974 (1974-1975)

1. Is kafedry chitkiy khir. - 1973 - prof. V.A. Golevskiy  
pediatricheskogo fakulteta - 1973 - vvedeniye v chitkiy khir  
stitutuimeni N.I. Vinogradova.

GORILOVSKIY, V.A.; I. PASHKIN, L...

Advantages of combined anaesthesia with the use of muscle relaxants in gynecologic surgery. Sov. med. 27: n. 12: 3 - 5 '62.

(USSR 17:12)

I. Kafedra obshchey i chirurgii (zav. - prof. G. A. Faytsev) i kafedra akusherstva i ginekologii (zav. - prof. A.A. Isakov) pediatricheskogo fakulteta i Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni I. I. Grechka.

СИВИК, Владимир Николаевич; ПРЕЛИМПЕ, Александр Николаевич.  
АНАСТЕЗИЯ, В.А., ред.

[Anesthesia and anesthetic apparatus] Nachod i markomnye  
apparatus. Moscow, Meditsina, 1961. 220 p.

(VIAA 1546)

GOLDO Dina - 1960 - 1984

... in the department of anaesthesia. Vest. knir. '84 no.1:  
(MIRA 18:7)

... (G. Zaytsev) pediatri-  
... (G. Zaytsev) pediatri-  
... (G. Zaytsev) pediatri-

DOLGOPLOSK, B.A.; KROZACHIVA, Ye. H.; KERENNIKOVA, Ye. K.; KUZNETSOVA, Ye. I.;  
GOLAGOV, K. G.

Polymerization of dienes under the influence of homogeneous  
catalytic systems containing cobalt and nickel salts. Dokl.  
AN SSSR 135 no.4:847-848 '60. (KHA 13.11)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sinteticheskogo  
kauchuka im. S. V. Lebedeva, 2. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for  
Dolgoplosk).  
(Olefins) (Polymerization)

GOLOGOVSKY, S. M.

AUTHORS: Golosovskiy, S. M. and Gulyaev, Yu. M.

TITLE: Comparative welding of thin steel strips by arc and  
electron-beam methods (in Russian)

PUBLICATION: Avtomechanika avtomobilei, 1970, No. 10, p. 76-79.

ABSTRACT: The Institute of Metallurgy and Welding, Moscow, in cooperation with the participation of U.S. Welding Research Association, developed a new method of welding thin metal strips by arc welding with an electrode of 0.6 to 1.0 mm in diameter. A new electrode holder, designed for this purpose, is an unusual plastic one (Figure 1, 2). Results, performed under laboratory conditions, show the practical fitness of the method for welding thin metal and has considerable advantages over the tri-arc or acetylene-oxygen welding. The new method has given a welding speed of 10-12 m/min and a strength of the welds of 700-800 kg/mm<sup>2</sup>, which is 1.5 times greater than the strength of welds made by the conventional industrial methods. There are 2 photographs and 3 tables in the article.

Curly

semi-automatic welding of thin steel structures

007-1-2-1175

ASSOCIATION: Instytut elektroswarki imieni M. C. Piotra i M. Skłodowskiej (Institute  
"Electric Welding" M. C. Piotra, M. Skłodowskiej)

SUBJECT: Welding, 1977

1. Steel--Arc welding 2. Arc welding--Equipment 3. Carbon dioxide  
--Performance 4. Structures--Materials

007-1-2

125-56-5-12/13

AUTHORS: Rotap'yevskiy, A.G., Golgovskiy, G.M., and Maneylo, S.A.

TITLE: Semi-Automatic Device for welding Thin-Sheet Steel Under Assembly Conditions (Soleavtomat ilya svarki tanklistovoy stali v montazhnykh usloviyakh)

PUBLICATION: Avtomaticheskaya Svarka, 1959, br 5, pp 89-91 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: A semi-automatic device for arc welding in carbon dioxide has been especially devised for assembling sheet metal structures. It permits welding in any position. The feed mechanism which weighs only 3 kg, is placed in a small knapsack carried by the operator on the back. It does not hamper the operator. The design and operation information is illustrated by a drawing and an electric diagram. The device is designed by the Electric welding Institute imeni Paton and built at the Kiev Mechanical Plant. There are 2 figures and 5 Soviet references.

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125-58-5-12/13

Semi-Automatic Device for Welding Thin-Sheet Under Assembly Conditions

ASSOCIATION: Institut elektrosvarki imeni Ye.O. Patona AN UkrSSR (welding Institute imeni Ye.O. Paton of the AS UkrSSR) and Kiyevskiy mechanicheskiy zavod (Kiyev Mechanical Plant)

SUBMITTED: February 22, 1958

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2

GOLOGOVSKIY, G.M.

Book on welding in an atmosphere of carbon dioxide. ("Welding in an atmosphere of carbon dioxide" by I.I.Zaruba and others. Reviewed by G.M.Gologovskii). Avtom. svar. 14 no.3:98-99 Mr '61.

(MIRA 14:2)

(Welding) (Protective atmospheres)  
(Zaruba, I.I.)

1

GOICOVIC, F.

Electroresisive treatment of metals (to be cont'd.) p. 49

STROJNICKE VE TMJE (Fakulteta za elektrotehnike in strojništvo Univerze v Ljubljani Institut za turbostroje v Ljubljana Društvo strojnih inženirjev in tehnikov in Slovenske in Slovna industrije Slovenije) Ljubljana, Yugoslavia.  
Vol 4, no. 3/4, June 1950

Monthly List of East European Accessions MAI IC, Vol. 1, no. 6, June 1959  
Incls.

GUICCIARDI, F.

Electroerosive treatment of metals. (Conclusion) p. 116

STROJNIČKA VENČINA (Fakulteta za elektrotehniko in strojništvo Univerze v Ljubljani Institut za turbostroje v Ljubljana Drustvo strojnih inženirjev in tehnikov iz Slovenije in Storjna industrija Slovenije) Ljubljana, Jugoslavija. Vol 4, no. 5, Sept. 1958

Monthly List of East European Accessions EEAJ LC, Vol 4, no. 5, June 1958, Uncle.

GOLOGRAN, F.

Sticking of material to tools during machining. p. 9.

Regulations concerning the mark of quality. p. 13.  
Yugoslav standards. p. 15.

Periodical: STROJNISKI VESTNIK.

Vol. 5, no. 1, Jan. 1959.

TECHNOLOGY

SO: Monthly List Of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC

Vol. 8, no. 4  
April 1959, Uncl.

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GOLOGRANC, Franc, ing.

Rationalization in machining of rolls for rolling mills. Stroj  
vest 6 no.6:183-186 D '60. (EEAI 10:6)

1. Fakulteta za strojnistvo univerze v Ljubljani.  
(Rolling (Metalwork))

GOLOGRANC, Franc

Sixth European Exhibition of Machine Tools. Stroj vest 6 no.1:11-13  
Ja '60. (EEAI 10:5)  
(Machine tools) (Paris--Exhibitions)

GOLGRAN, Franc, ing.

Some characteristics of the development of modern machine tools.  
Stroj vest 6 no.4/5:136-148 S '60. (EEAI 10:5)

I. Oddelek za strojnistvo Univerze v Ljubljani,  
(Machine tools)

GOLGRAN, F.

"Hydraulic presses" by G.Oehler. Reviewed by F.Goligranc.  
Stroj vest 9 no.1/2:29-30 Ap '62.

GOLGRANC, F.

"Mechanical presses" by H.Makelt. Reviewed by F.Golgranc. Stroj  
vest 8 no.1/2:30 Ap '62.

GOLOGRAN, F.

"Vibrations in machine tools" by S.A.Tobias. Reviewed by F.Gologran.  
Stroj vest & no.1/2;30 Ap '62.

GOLGRANC, F.

"Historical development of drop forging" by E.van Wedel. Reviewed  
by F.Golgranc. Stroj vest 8 no.1/2:31 Ap '62.

GOLOGRAN, F.

"Machine-tool driving gears" by H.Schöpke. Reviewed by F.Gologran.  
Stroj vest no.1/2:31 Ap '62.

GOLOGRAIC, F.

"The sledge hammer" by G.Gute. Reviewed by F.Golograic. Stroj  
vest 8 no.1/2:32 Ap '62.

GOLGRAN, F.

"Rolling and forging machines" by A.Geleji. 2d ed., reviewed by  
F.Goligranc. Stroj vest 8 no.1/2:33 Ap '62.

GOLOGRANC, F.

"Circular cutting" by H. Hilbert. 2d ed. Reviewed by F.  
Gologranc, ~~Str~~ vest 8 no.3:77 Je '62.

GOLGRANC, F.

"Plastic molding of metals in theory and practice" by A.  
Geleji. Reviewed by F. Golgranc. Stroj vest 8 no.3:79 Je  
'62.

GOLOGRANC, F.

Cold bending of pipes" by W.D. Franz. Reviewed by F. Gologranc.  
Stroj vest 8 no.4/5:117-118 0 '62.

GOLOGRANC, F.

"Guide to thin board shapers." Reviewed by F. Gologranc. *Stroj vest* no.4/5:131 0 '63.

"Fundamentals of the deep drawing: in theory and practice, with a specific emphasis on the deep-drawing tests" by W. Fanklin. Reviewed by F. Gologranc. *Ibid.*:131

L 23412-66 EWT(d)/EWT(m)/EWP(v)/T/EWP(t)/EWP(k)/EWP(h)/EWP(l) JD/HM

ACC NR: AP6004140

SOURCE CODE: UR/0125/66/000/001/0066/0068

AUTHOR: Vashchevskiy, V. F.; Gologovskiy, G. M.; Dykhno, S. I.

ORG: none

TITLE: Device for automatic monitoring of the parameters of resistance-welding regime

SOURCE: Avtomaticheskaya svarka, no. 1, 1966, 66-68

TOPIC TAGS: resistance welding, welding equipment component, power monitor, pulse signal, metallurgic testing machine, circuit design, automatic control equipment

ABSTRACT: The authors present a description of the P-192 device for automatic monitoring and signaling of deviations from the set welding regime according to the amplitude of welding current and the parameter

$$A = \int_0^{t_d} i_w dt \quad (\text{where } t_d \text{ is the duration of the welding-current pulse}).$$

Range of current intensities measured: 1-100 kilo-amperes (ka). Welding-current measurement error:  $\pm 5\%$ . The device (Fig. 1) is connected to the welding machine by two circuits. The first circuit (Fig. 2), represented by toroidal measuring transform-

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UDC: 621.791.76:681.1/.2

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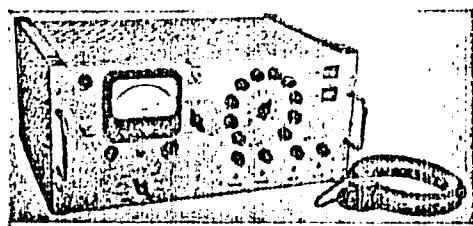
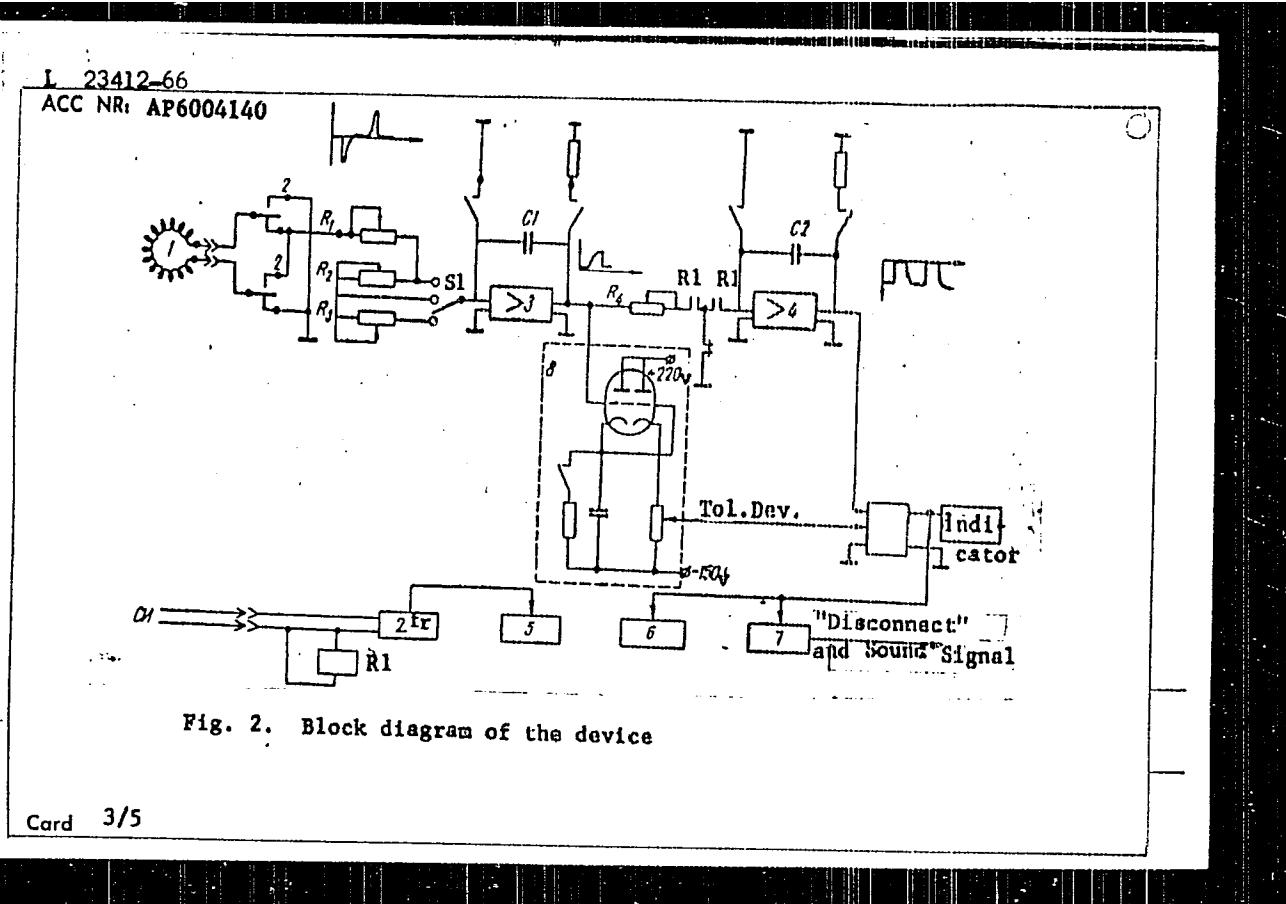


Fig. 1. External view of the P-192 device

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er 1, is connected to the bottom holder of the welding machine. The second circuit pertains to synchronizing voltage pulses which must overlap in time the welding-current pulses and which are used to trigger flip-flop relay 2: the contacts of this relay switch the output of the toroidal transformer, since each time the polarity of current pulses in the welding machine is reversed. The voltage from the toroidal transformer flows to electronic integrator 3 of the DC tube-amplifier type. The input resistors  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$  of the amplifier are designed to regulate the time constant of the RC of the integrator. Switch  $S_1$  is used to adjust the measurement range to 10, 50 or 100 ka. The integrator output is connected to memory element 8 which records the amplitude value of the restored voltage pulse at the output of integrator 3, whence the pulse is conveyed to a second integrator (DC amplifier 4 and integrating elements -- resistor  $R_4$  and capacitor  $C_2$ ). The contacts of relay  $R_1$  cause the resistor  $R_4$  to be connected to the amplifier input and, during the passage of the welding-current pulse, the voltage .

$$U_2 \approx \int_0^{t_d} U_1 dt = \int_0^{t_d} \left( \int \frac{di_w}{dt} dt \right) dt = \int_0^{t_d} i_w dt.$$

forms at the output of integrator 4. The voltage proportional to the amplitude of the welding-current pulse, from the output of the memory element, and the voltage pro-

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portional to the amount of electricity passed during a welding pulse, from the output of the second integrator (amplifier 4), proceed to the device for measuring the tolerances of the parameters, where the variations in the pulse amplitude and the amount of electricity therein, when they exceed the upper and lower limits of the tolerance range, are recorded correct to ~0.5% and indicated by the pointer on the dial. The device also includes built-in electromechanical counters of points at which the current or electricity exceed the specified tolerances and relay counters for generating the "disconnect" signal (opening of contacts) or sound signal (closing of contacts). It is also equipped with sockets for connecting an oscilloscope by means of which the current-pulse shape can be visually monitored. The device can be used to monitor the performance of DC, AC and capacitor welding machines. It can be adjusted to three different scales of measurement of current-pulse amplitude and of the corresponding heating (amount of electricity in a pulse): 10 ka, 5 ka-sec; 50 ka, 25 ka-sec; and 100 ka, 50 ka-sec. Currently, a new version of the device, with digital readout which should greatly simplify the measurements, is being developed. Orig. art. has: 3 figures.

SUB CODE: 09, 11, 13/ SUBM DATE: 03Jun65/ ORIG REF: 005/ OTH REF: 000

Card 5/5 *dm*

USSR/Microbiology. Microbes Pathogenic for Man and Animals. F

Abstr Jour : Ref Zhur-Biol., No 13, 1950, 5777)

Author : Fedorov A. I., Golosyuk L. P., Levkina N. M.  
Inst : Kharkov Scientific-Research Institute of Vaccines and Serums

Title : On the Problem of the Pathogenesis of Liphtheria Carrage. Report 1. Duration of Carrying and Biological Properties of Cithteria Bacteria.

Oris Pub : Tr. Kharkovsk. N.-i in-ta vakkine i seryums, 1957, 24, 71-76

Abstract : No abstract.

Copy 1/1

YOUNG, J.W.

186. *Leucostoma* (L.) *Leucostoma* (L.) *Leucostoma* (L.) *Leucostoma* (L.) *Leucostoma* (L.)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000515730006-4

DOBATKIN, V.I.; KOLOVSKAYA, V.P., GUDKHMATOV, T.N.

Slaty structure of the fracture of extruded 116 aluminum alloy  
products. Metalloved. i term. obr. met. no.12:2-12 D'63.  
(MIRA 17:2)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000515730006-4"

SHIBAEV, Yu. I.; NIKITAEVA, G. G.; KULIKOVAYA, N. I.; KARALIKOVA, T. N.;  
Prinadlezhchastiy: AMINFIZVA, M. F.; ZHEZHNEVVA, N. N.;  
G. LUGHEZKVA, T. N.

Heat-resistant D16 alloy. Al15Mn. spilav nos. 3 231-1974.  
1974-1975

DVORKIND, M.M., inzh. V rabote prinimali uchastiye: VAS'YAS, I.P.; KCKSHAROV, V.D.; DRESVYANKIN, V.I.; PARAMONCVA, A.P.; GOLOKHMATOV, S.N.; SHISHARIN, B.N.; GOLIKVA, T.A.; KLISHA, A.Ya.A.; KAZHEVNIKOVA, Ye.L.; VYDRINA, Zh.A.; BUSHUYEVA, T.N.; NAZARENKO, G.A.

Behavior of open-hearth furnace crowns under the effect of feeding oxygen into the burner flame and into the bath. Stal' 20 no.2:117-121 F '60.  
(MIRA 13:5)

1. Vostochnyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut ogneuporov.  
(Open-hearth furnaces)  
(Firebrick)

ZAKHAROV, A.F.; PETROV, G.A.; NOVIKOV, M.D.; POPOV, L.P.; TORSHILOV, Yu.V.;  
GOLOKHMATOV, S.N.; GUSAROV, A.N.; KUVAL'CHUK, N.P.

Potentialities for increasing labor productivity in the  
open-hearth process. Stal' 21 no.6:560-562 Je '61. (MIRA 14:5)

1. Nizhne-Tagil'skiy metallurgicheskiy kombinat.  
(Open-hearth furnaces--Equipment and supplies)

卷之三

Pressure Treatment of Alloys; Collection of Articles, Moscow, Oberongiz, 1958, 141pp.

SOV/117-38-1C-21-82

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 10, p 175 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Livanov, V.A., Shilova, Ye.I., Golokhmatova, T.N.,  
Nikitayeva, O.G.

TITLE: Methods of Hardening Aluminum Alloys Intended for Operation  
at Elevated Temperatures (Puti uprochneniya aluminiiyevykh  
splavov dlya raboty pri povyshennykh temperaturakh)

PERIODICAL: V sb.: Legkiye splavy, Nr 1, Moscow, 1958, pp 88-122

ABSTRACT: Investigations were performed in order to determine the  
effect of various degrees of cold hardening, as well as of con-  
ditions of artificial aging (AA), on the mechanical properties  
of sheets of D16 alloy (A) at room temperature and at elevated  
temperatures. The initial material consisted of hot-rolled  
sheets of the D16 A which had been tempered only, or were  
tempered and subjected to natural aging for a period of five  
days; the sheets of the A were work-hardened by means of rol-  
ling with reductions equivalent to 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, and 30%.  
AA of work-hardened sheets, as well as sheets which have not  
been so treated, was accomplished at temperatures of 150,  
Card 1/2 170, 190, and 200°C, the soaking time being 6, 8, 10, and 12

SOV/137-58-10-21558

## Methods of Hardening Aluminum Alloys (cont.)

hours, respectively. Optimal AA conditions, established on the basis of studies of properties of the A's at room temperature, were maintained during tests at elevated temperatures. The laws governing the changes occurring in the properties of the A relative to the temperature of AA are identical both at room temperature and at elevated temperatures. Specimens which have been aged at 170-180° possess maximal values of  $\sigma_s$  and  $\sigma_b$ , but exhibit very low values of  $\delta$ . At lower temperatures of AA (130-150°), the strength characteristics of the A's are somewhat impaired, but the  $\delta$  values are increased. Conducting the AA at a temperature of 190-200° results in a lowering of all mechanical properties of the A. It has been established that the strength of tempered and naturally aged D16 A is favorably affected by work hardening at temperatures of 100-200°. Work hardening (5-20% reduction) increases the  $\sigma_b$  of sheets of the D16 A by as much as 10-15% at a temperature of 100° and by 13-18% at a temperature of 150°. Optimal conditions for processing of sheets of D16 consist of tempering operations and work hardening by means of rolling with reductions of 5-20% followed by AA (130-150° for 10-20 hours). Problems on the nature of hardening of an A by means of mechanical working of it after the operations of tempering and prior to the process of AA are discussed in detail in Appendix 2/2. A. A. Mironov, T. V. Slobodcikova, Yu. Yu. E. K.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000515730006-4

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000515730006-4"

L 37166-66 EWT(m)/T/EWP(t)/ETI/EWP(k) IJP(c) JD/HW/GD/JH  
ACC NR: AT6016422 (A) SOURCE COLE: UR/0000/65/000/000/0151/0157

AUTHORS: Livanov, V. A.; Golokhmatova, T. N.; Bereko, R. M.; Vasil'yeva, Ye. N.

ORG: none

TITLE: Structural inhomogeneity of the cladding layer in sheets of alloy D16

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Institut metallurgii. Metallovedeniye lezhkikh splavov (Metallurgy of light alloys). Moscow, Izd-vo Nauka, 1965, 151-157

TOPIC TAGS: titanium containing alloy, manganese containing alloy, aluminum alloy / D16 aluminum alloy

ABSTRACT: The effect of hot and cold rolling of alloy D16 sheets on the homogeneity and structure of the aluminum surface layer of the sheets was investigated. The investigation was initiated to determine the mechanism for the formation of large crystal grains in the surface layer of D16AT and D16ATV hot rolled sheets. The effect of adding titanium, manganese, zirconium, and boron on the crystal grain size in the surface layer of the hot rolled sheets was also studied. The experimental results are presented graphically (see Fig. 1). Whereas additions of Zn and B had no effect on the crystal grain size, additions of Ti considerably lowered the crystal grain size, and additions of Mn completely removed any inhomogeneity in the aluminum surface layer of the alloy.

Card 1/2

L 37166-66

ACC NR: AT6016422

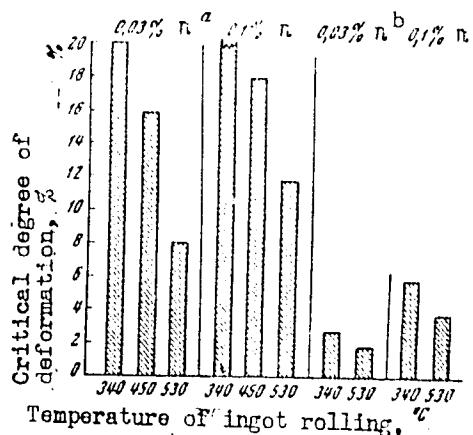


Fig. 1. Critical degree of deformation of aluminum for deformation at room temperature as a function of the titanium content and temperature of hot rolling of aluminum cladding ingots. a - cold rolled aluminum (thickness 2.0 mm); b - surface layer of hot rolled alloy D16.

Orig. art. has: 4 figures.

SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: 16Sep65/ ORIG REF: 001  
Card 2/2 af

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000515730006-4

2.7 - *...p. 62*

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000515730006-4"

GOLOKHVASTOVA, M.V.

Thirtieth anniversary of the Great October Revolution and lessons  
in geography. Geog. v shkole no.3:40-42 My-Je '47. (MIRA 9:6)  
(Geography--Study and teaching)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000515730006-4

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000515730006-4"

GOLOKOVSAYA, I. N.

"The Agricultural Bases for Cultivating Wheat Grass in the Steppes Region of the Ukrainian SSR." Cand. Agr. Sci., Chernivtsi Agricultural Inst., 1974. (Ukrainian) (1974)

30: Sum. No. 701, 2 Nov. 85 - Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations Submitted at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (le).

COUNTRY : U.S.  
CITY : Albany, New York, United States  
NAME, ADDRESS : Albany, New York, United States  
CITY : Albany, New York, United States  
INSTITUTION : University of Albany, State University of New York  
TITLE : On the Development of a New Type of Plant  
COUNTRY : United States, New York  
ABSTRACT : In the experiments at the Albany Agricultural Institute, corn, planted on 10th of April, (var. 'Pioneer') received 16 hours of light and 8 hours of darkness. The plant developed a very strong and well differentiated root system. Formation of flowers was suppressed. The plant was tall, thin and slender. The number of leaves was 10, the number of panicles 1, the number of grains per panicle 10. The number of seeds per grain was 1. The differentiation of the plant is extremely poor. The number of leaves per plant was 10, the number of panicles 1, the number of grains per panicle 10. The number of seeds per grain was 1. The plant is tall, thin and slender. The differentiation of the plant is extremely poor.

Card: 1

SCUTTLE :  
CATEGORY :

ARM. JOUR. : 1955 Nov. 1970

AUTHOR :  
INSPR. :  
TITLE :

CONT. P. 1 :

ABSTRACT : The author studied a number of collections from the marshy areas of the delta of the Danube. The author studied the marshy areas, the larger with the silvicultural conditions of the growing plants. Below is the description of the changes in growths are explained by the removal of a considerable part of the assimilating surfaces, plants with the stem cut, i.e. those in which the primordial pinnule and part of the stem with auxiliary buds were removed, etc. for

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72

GOLOKOZ, V.F.; GORSHKOVA, N.G.

Hydraulic mechanism for breaking rocks. Gor. zhur, no.1:77 Ja  
'63. (MIRA 16:1)  
(Boring machinery)

GOLOKVOCHUS, P.B.

Necessary and sufficient conditions of the possibility of a further  
system of solutions for some linear systems of differential equations.  
Dokl. AN BSSR 3 no.7:287-291 J1 '59. (MIR. N:11)

1. Predstavleno akademikom AN BSSR N.P. Yermakovu.  
(Differential equations, Linear)

GOLOKVOSCHUS, P.B.

Seeking characteristic indices of a system of two linear  
homogeneous differential equations with periodic coefficients  
containing a small parameter. Dokl.AN BSSR 3 no.9:361-367  
(MIRA 13:2)  
S '59.

1. Predstavлено академиком АН БССР Н.П.Ерuginом.  
(Differential equations, Linear)

85926

S/140/60/000/003/005/011  
C111/C222

163400

AUTHOR: Golikvoschus, P.E.TITLE: Remark on Bounded and Periodic Solutions of a System of Two Linear  
Differential Equations With Periodic Coefficients Which is  
Integrated in a Closed FormPERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Matematika, 1960,  
N<sup>o</sup>.3, pp.113-117

TEXT: Theorem 1: In the system

(1.1) 
$$\frac{dx}{dt} = x \begin{bmatrix} u_1 & \varphi_1(t) \\ u_2 & \varphi_2(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

let either

(1.6) 
$$U_1 = \begin{vmatrix} a & 0 \\ c & a \end{vmatrix}, \quad U_2 = \begin{vmatrix} b_1 & 0 \\ 0 & b_2 \end{vmatrix}$$

or

(1.7) 
$$U_1 = \begin{vmatrix} a+2cm & -cm^2 \\ c & a \end{vmatrix}, \quad U_2 = \begin{vmatrix} b & m^2n \\ n & b \end{vmatrix}.$$

Let the continuous periodic functions  $\varphi_k(t)$  ( $k=1, 2$ ) with the period $\omega$  satisfy

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C111/C222

Remark on Bounded and Periodic Solutions of a System of Two Linear  
Differential Equations With Periodic Coefficients Which is Integrated  
in a Closed Form

$$(1.3) \quad \int_0^1 \varphi_k(t) dt = 0$$

✓

Under these assumptions all solutions of (1.1) have the period  $\omega = 1$   
then and only then if the parameter  $\alpha$ , given by

$$(2.1) \quad \alpha = \begin{cases} b_2 b_1 & \text{in the case (1.6)} \\ 2mn & \text{in the case (1.7)} \end{cases}$$

is a zero of the function

$$(2.2) \quad I(\alpha) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{a_k}{k!} \alpha^k \quad (\alpha \neq 0),$$

where

$$(2.3) \quad a_k = \int_0^1 L_2^k(t) \varphi_1(t) dt \quad (k=0, 1, 2, \dots)$$

Card 2/4

85926

S/140/60/000/003/005/011  
C111/C222

Remark on Bounded and Periodic Solutions of a System of Two Linear Differential Equations With Periodic Coefficients Which is Integrated in a Closed Form

and  $L_k(t)$  is given by

$$(2.3) \quad L_k(t) = \int_0^t \varphi_k(\tau) d\tau \quad (k=1, 2).$$

As an example the author considers the system

$$(3.1) \quad \frac{dx}{dt} = x \begin{bmatrix} U_1 \cos 2\pi t + U_2 \sin 2\pi t \end{bmatrix},$$

where  $U_k$  are given by (1.6) or (1.7). All solutions are periodic with  $\omega=1$

if  $\frac{U_1}{2\pi}$ , where  $\alpha$  is given by (2.11), is a zero of the Bessel function

Card 3/4

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S/ 40/60/000/003/005/011  
C111/C222

Remark on Bounded and Periodic Solutions of a System of Two Linear  
Differential Equations With Periodic Coefficients Which is Integrated in  
a Closed Form

$$(3.4) \quad J_1 \left( \frac{a_1}{2\pi} \right) = \sum_{k=0}^{10} (-1)^k \frac{1}{\pi^{k+1} (k+2)} \left( \frac{a_1}{4\pi} \right)^{2k+1}$$

There are 7 Soviet references

ASSOCIATION Vil'nyuskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni V. Kapsukasa  
(Vil'nyus State University imeni V. Kapsukas)

SUBMITTED: October 1, 1958

Card 4/4

GOLOKVOSCHUS, P.B.

Seeking characteristic exponents of a system of two differential equations with periodic coefficients, analytical relative to a small parameter. Dokl.AN BSSR 4 no.6:236-240 Je '60.  
(MIRA 13:7)  
1. Vil'nyusskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. V.Zapsukasa.  
Predstavлено акад. AN BSSR N.P.Yeruginym.  
(Differential equations)

GOLOKVOSCHUS, P. P. <sup>Limited</sup> Cand. phys.-math. sci. on "problems of the ~~numerical~~ of solutions of linear systems of differential ~~equations~~ equations with periodic coefficients in certain individual cases." Minsk, 1960. (Acad. Sci. Belorussian SSR. Department of Phys.-Math., Chem., and Geol. Sci.) (Rus, 1-31, 179)

-10-

L 18525-63 EWT(d)/FCC(w)/BDS AFFTC/LJP(G)

ACCESSION NR: AT3002172

8/29/61/001/01-/0059/0077

AUTHOR: Golokvoschus, P.

53  
52TITLE: Finding characteristic exponents of a system of two homogeneous differential equations

SOURCE: Litovskiy matematicheskiy sbornik. v. 1, no. 1-2, 1961, 59-77

TOPIC TAGS: characteristic exponent, differential equation

ABSTRACT: The author investigates characteristic exponents for the system given in the equation, where  $Q_0$  is a constant matrix,  $Q_k(t)$  ( $k = 1, 2, \dots$ ) are continuous matrices of the independent variable  $t$  with common period  $\omega = 1$ ,  $X$  is the integral matrix,  $\mu$  is a small parameter, and the series converges for  $|\mu| < r$ . He assumes that  $Q_0$  and  $Q_k(t)$  ( $k = 1, 2, \dots$ ) are second degree matrices and that the characteristic numbers  $\xi_1$  and  $\xi_2$  of  $Q_0$  satisfy the condition given in the following

$$\frac{dX}{dt} = X \left[ Q_0 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} Q_k(t) \mu_k \right], \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Abstracter's note:} \\ \mu_k \text{ should be } \omega^k \end{array} \quad \xi_1 - \xi_2 \neq 2\pi m i \quad (i = \sqrt{-1}),$$

where  $m$  is an integer. Orig. art. has 158 formulas.

Card 1/2, ASSN: Vilnius State University

3/160/61/7004 122061/T/1  
D223/B305

AUTHOR: Gololeva, Ye. I.  
TITLE: Role of radiation in the formation of stratus  
cloud and in its evolution  
PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Geofizika, no. 19, 1961.  
30, abstract 12B197 (Meteorol. i gidrologiya,  
1961, no. 7, 22-26)

TEXT: The question of the influence of the radiational cooling of the lower half-kilometer layer of air on the formation and evolution of low stratus cloud is discussed. The case of the formation of low cloud near Moscow in the period from March 9 to March 11, 1956, is discussed as an example. The appearance of stratus cloud was accompanied by the fall of the temperature in the lower 500-m layer during the considerable weakening of the wind with altitude. It is established that the main cause of this was radiational cooling. In addition, the role of the

Card 1/2

GOLOLOB, V.

Practices of freight transportation agencies. Avt.transp. 39  
no.4:13 Ap '61. (MIRA 14:5)  
(Estonia—Freight and freightage)

CA 100-100000-100-100

10

*A nickel-enriched biogeochemical province in Southern Ural. A. D. Goldoboy. Byull. Min. (Obozrenie Byulleten' Peterburg. Otdel' Nauk. No. 3, 3-14-1942). A study of a region of Northern Kazakhstan-Southern Ural in which relatively high levels of Ni are found in the soil is reported. Up to 0.25% levels in farm soils are not uncommon. Hence, all ground waters, plants, and animals possess supernormal amounts of the element in their makeup. The study of cattle and sheep showed that highest levels are found in the skin, muscle, and liver. The wool retains slightly lesser levels than does the skin proper. Ni was found, however, in all organs. Usually the organs that contain high levels of Ni also carry high levels of Cu. The high levels of Ni are apt to cause so-called nickel eczema and an endemic affliction of visual organs of the farm animals. The production (or formation) of wool by sheep in this region is supernormal and appears to be a form of adaptation and detoxication.* G. M. Kusolapoff

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000515730006-4"

KOVAL'SKIY, V.V.; GOLCLOBOV, A.D.

[Methods for determining trace elements in soils, plant and animal organisms] Metody opredeleniya mikroelementov v pochvakh, rastitel'nykh i zhivotnykh organizmakh. Moscow, Redaktsionno-izdatel'skiy otdel VIZH, 1959. 137 p. (MIRA 13:3)

1. Moscow. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut zhivotnovodstva.  
(Trace elements)

GOLOLOBOV, A.D.

Biogeochemical provinces rich in nickel and copper. Trudy Biogeo-  
khim. lab. no.11:178-188 '60. (MIRA 14:5)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut zhivotnodstva.  
(COPPER-PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)  
(NICKEL-PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT) (VERTEBRINARY PHYSIOLOGY)

GOLOLOBOV, A.D.

Photometric determination of protein in milk. Vop.pit. 21 no.3:17-  
22 My-Je '62. (MIRA 15:10)

1. Iz TSentral'noy khimiko-analiticheskoy laboratorii (zav. -  
kand.biologicheskikh nauk A.D.Gololobov) Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-  
issledovatel'skogo instituta zhivotnovodstva, Moskva.  
(MILK--ANALYSIS AND EXAMINATION) (PROTEINS)

GOLDSHTEIN, A.B., kand. chel. nauch. in chernot, L.L., print., red.;  
DANILOV, A.I., red.

[Methodological recommendations on the determination of  
trace elements in soil, plant and animal organisms] Meto-  
dicheskie rekomendatsii po opredelenii mikroelementov  
v pochvakh, rastiteliyakh i zhivotnykh organizmakh. [n.p.]  
Gizel nauchno-tekhn. i tekhnich. vyd., 1977, 10 p.

(GIZEL 17:8)

1. Moscow. Vsesoyuznyi nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut  
zhivotnykh i rastiteliy. N. G. Danilov, nauch. red. S. S. Suyuzhnoy Akademii  
sel'skogo khozyaistva i nauchno-tekhnicheskogo vydaniya (for Koval'tskiy).

GOLOBOV, A.D.

Determining manganese by the photometric method using formaldehyde. Pochvovedenie no.3:89-93 Mr '65.

(MFA 1F:6)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut zemel'ovedstva.

STEPEN', V. V., cand. tekhn. nauk; GOLODOV, A.D., kand. biolog. nauk

protein hydrolysates and synthetic amino acids as additional sources of food proteins. Zhur. VNIKO 10 no.3:312-319 '65.  
(MERA 18:8)

GOULDING, T. P., PARAPROPSPECT, N.Y.

Photometric determination of absorption of light by plants  
plants having polypropylene films with a density of 0.8  
81-88 P 165

1. Response of polypropylene films to light, with a density  
variable. Determined with a 2000

COLLECTOR, A. J.

"Origin of Tangled Ticks and Herpestes-like of Dorreia and Ophile Under Condition of Radiation." Can. J. Sci., 1959, 10, 101-107. (M. S. T., 1959). (See also, "Notes," 1959, 1, 107-110.)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000515730006-4"

USSR/Zooparasitology. Ticks and Insects - Vectors of G  
Causal Organisms. Ticks.

Abs Jour: Ref. Zhur. - Biol., No 23, 1958, 104096

Author : Gololobov, A. S.

Inst : All-Union Institute of Experimental Veterinary  
Medicine

Title : Study of ixodial Ticks and Hemosporidioses of  
Horses and Long-Horned Cattle under the Condi-  
tions of Sakhalin.

Orig Pub: Tr. Vses. in-ta eksperim veterinarii, 1957, 21,  
290-295

Abstract: Four species of ixodial ticks are found on  
Sakhalin. Ixodes persulcatus was found in all  
the places examined, between 46-61° north lati-  
tude both on cattle and on wild animals and  
birds. The season of activity of its imago

Card 1/2

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GOLOLOBOV, A.P.

Clinical morphological modifications of bones in intramedullary fixation of fractures with various metals; experimental investigations [with summary in English, p.159] Vest.khir. 77 no.6:64-70 Je '50. (MLRA 9:8)

1. Iz voyskovoy chasti (nach. - A.F.Il'in, nauchn. rukovoditel' raboty - D.I.Drozdov) (FRACTURES, experimental, intramedullary nailing, eff. of various metals (Rus))

GOLOLEOV, A.P., podpolkovnik med.sluzhby; SHLAYFER, G.R., podpolkovnik  
med.sluzhby

Organization of medical practice by military physicians in a  
garrison hospital. Voen.-med.zhur. no.10:79-80 0 '61. (MIRA 15:5)  
(MEDICINE, MILITARY)